

Evaluation of the Acute and Chronic Food Consumption by the Brazilian Population through the Family Budget Survey (POF 2008-2009 – IBGE) to Assess Pesticide Dietary

**Exposure** 

### Cristiana Leslie Corrêa, PhD

WG POF/ Task Force Agrochemicals ILSI Brazil
Planitox — The Science-based Toxicology Company
IBTox — Brazilian Institute of Toxicology





## DIETARY RISK ASSESSMENT OF FOOD PRODUCTS CONTAINING PESTICIDES RESIDUES

### **TOXICITY ASSESSMENT**

Hazard identification
Dose-response Assessment

### **EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT**

**Pesticide Residue Level** 

**FOOD CONSUMPTION** 



### **RISK CHARACTERIZATION**

Estimation of the adverse effects likely to occur in a given population, including attendant uncertainties

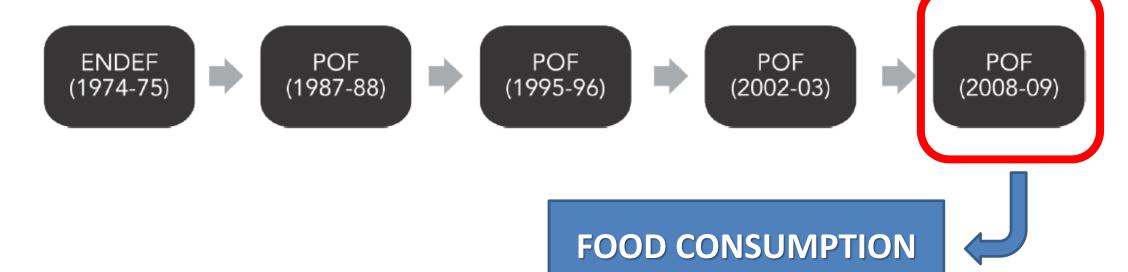






## Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics













Raw Commodities (in natura) - TOTAL



Raw Commodities (in natura)

# NUTRITION COMMITTEE



# BIOTECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE

RISK ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

**TASK FORCE** FOOD SAFETY



TASK FORCE
AGROCHEMICAL RISK
ASSESSMENT

### **WORK GROUP: POF (Family Budget Surveys)**

#### **MEMBERS**

- √ Ana Carolina Aguirre (Syngenta) WG POF Coordinator \*
- ✓ Andreia Jardim
- ✓ Cristiana Leslie Correa (IBTox) Scientific Coordinator
- ✓ Bianca Jones (BASF)\*
- ✓ Heloisa Kalvan (DuPont)
- ✓ Laura Valério (Syngenta) WG POF Coordinator
- ✓ Mariana Pais
- ✓ Marcia Kamitsuji Pala (Ihara)
- ✓ Renata Volpi (Bayer)
- ✓ Simone Guimarães (BASF)

#### **SCIENTIFIC ADVISORS**

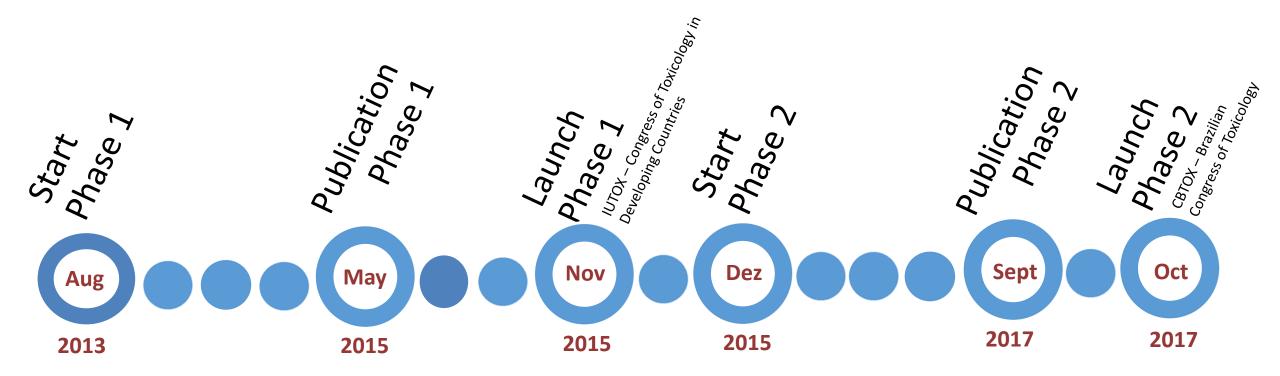
- ✓ Alessandra Brito (UFB)
- Andreia Jardim (UnB)
- Cristiana Leslie Correa (IBTox)
- ✓ Elizabeth Nascimento (USP)
- ✓ Eloísa Dutra Caldas (UnB)
- √ Félix Reyes (UNICAMP)
- ✓ Flavio Zambrone (IBTox)
- Mariana Pais (Ferst Consulting)
- Regina Mara Fisberg (USP)
- ✓ Rosangela Alves Pereira (UFRJ) \*

### STATISTICIAN AND PROGRAMMER



- Carlos A. S. Ledo\*
- Paulo T. Yatsuzuka

## **Timeline**









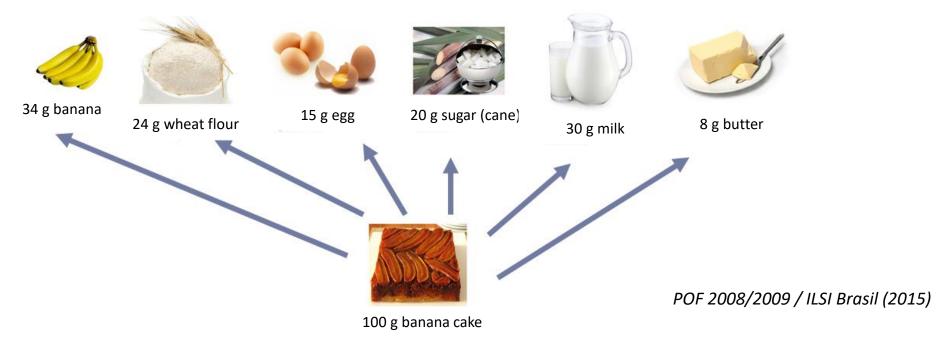
### FIRST PHASE

### **MAIN OBJECTIVE**

Calculate the daily average consumption of raw commodities by the Brazilian population in each of five main geographic regions (North, South, Middlewest, Northeast, and Southeast) with the objective of using these data in chronic exposure evaluation of chemical substances present in food products.

### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**

1- Disaggregate the prepared food products into their initial ingredientes (in percentage according to a standard recipe)





### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**

- 2- Estimate the raw (*in natura*) commodity from processed food (processed food were linked to their respective raw or natural commodity;
- 3- Establish case-by-case premises (p.s.: alcoholic beverages);
- 4- Extract and adequate consumption data from POF-2008/2009 to obtain the average consumption;
- 5- Associate the ingredients from recipes with the consumption data to estimate the daily average food consumption in each of main Brazilian geographic regions.





### **METHODOLOGY 01**

**Consumption Data from the first day** 



- First day presents better quality in the collection of information than the subsequent days;
- Statistical procedures used in the usual consumption estimates.

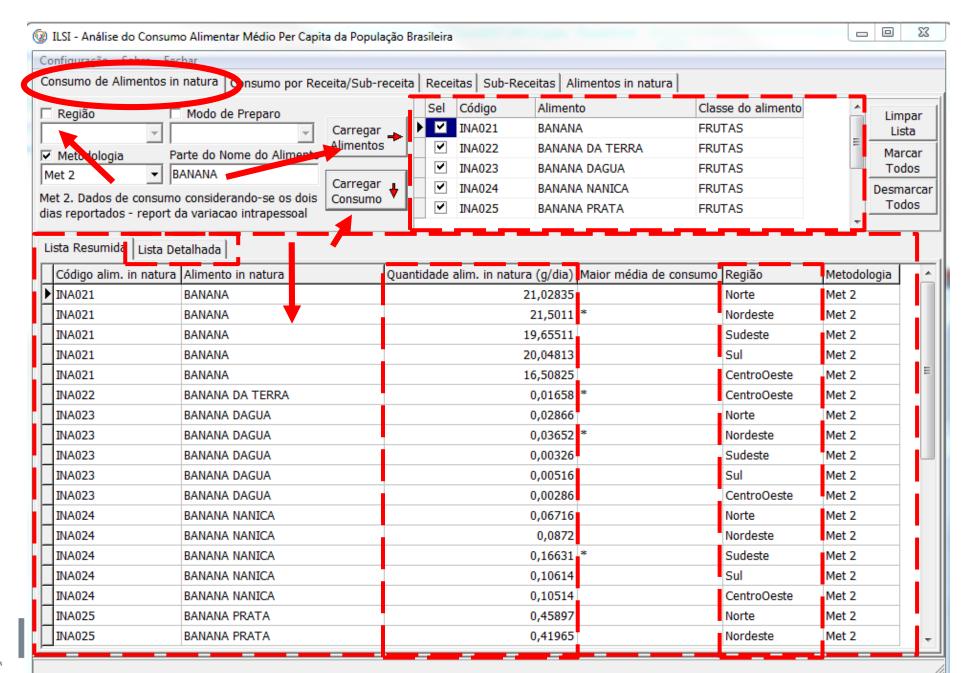


### **METHODOLOGY 02**

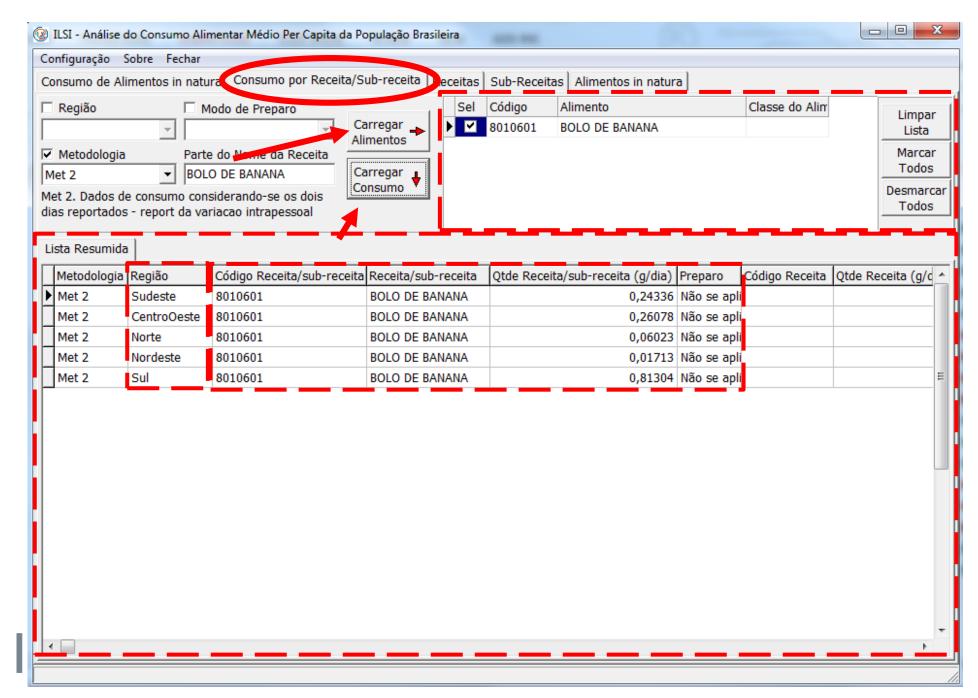
Consumption Data considering the 2 days of the survey



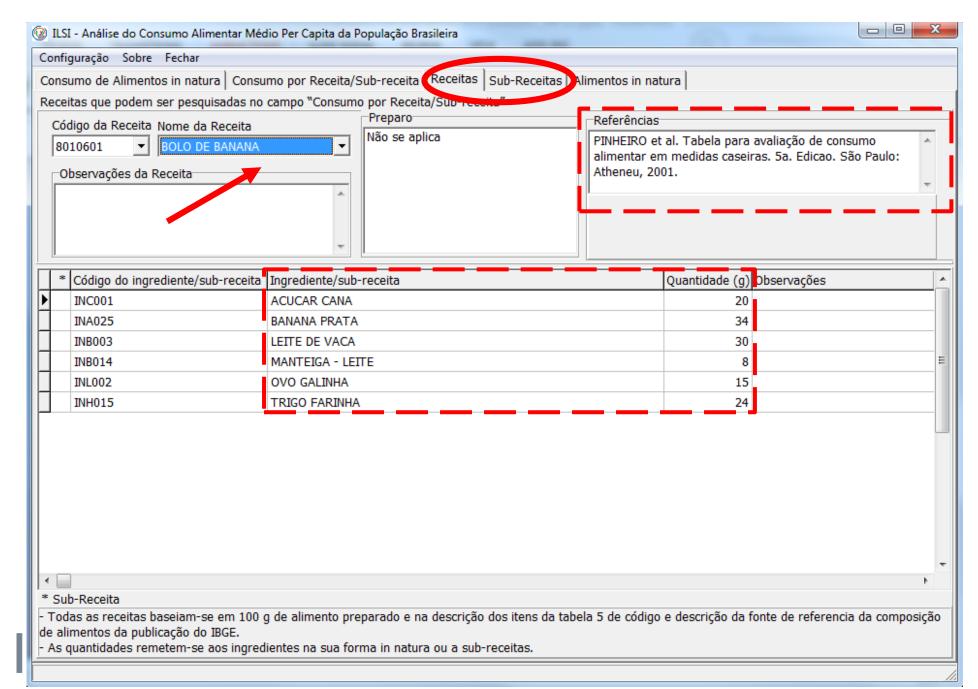
 When interpersonal variability and individual consumption distribution are required (average consumption).

















### **SECOND PHASE**

### **MAIN OBJECTIVE**

Calculate the highest individual consumption of raw commodities by the Brazilian population in each of five main geographic regions (North, South, Middlewest, Northeast, and Southeast) with the objective of using these data in acute exposure evaluation of chemical substances present in food products.

# DIETARY EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT TO PESTICIDE RESIDUES

CHRONIC DIETARY EXPOSURE

**ACUTE** 

**DIETARY EXPOSURE** 







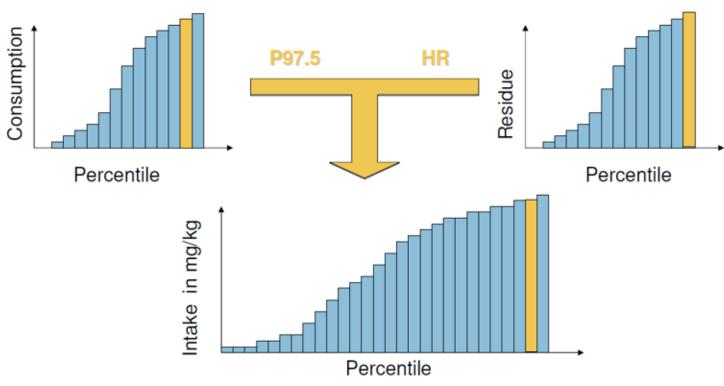






# DIETARY EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT TO PESTICIDE RESIDUES

Calculation of exposition under consideration of probability

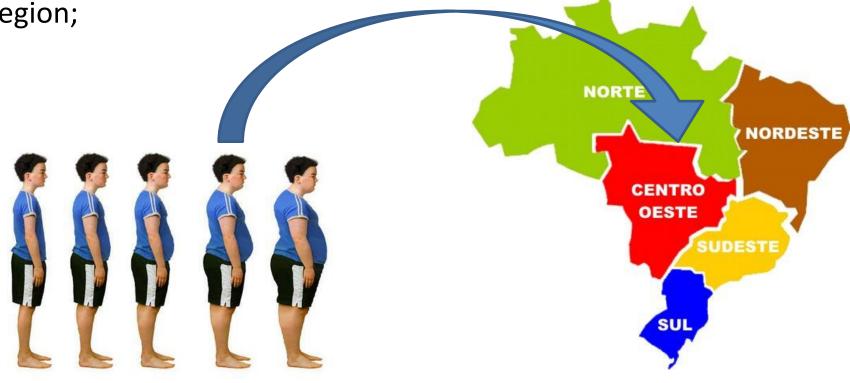






### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**

1) Calculate mean body weight (bw) of Brazilian population in each main geographic region;





### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**

2) Establish food Unit weight (U), that will be used in some cases, according to JMPR, 1997; FAO, 2003:



$$IESTI = \frac{(U \times HRorHRp \times v) + (LP - U) \times HRorHRp}{bw}$$













### **UNIT WEIGHT - CRITERIA**

- Consider Brazilian data presented in the WHO publication (WHO, 2014), or;
- National references: books or published articles, or;
- International data, presented at WHO publication (WHO, 2014);

Using the same criteria, it was defined the edible portion of the unit weight to obtain "Ue".

Commodities with unit weight lower than 25 g or not listed in the Brazilian minor crop legislation [Instrução Normativa Conjunta INC01 - 2014 (MAPA) and Ato no. 08 de 08/Mar/2016 (MAPA)] were not considered.





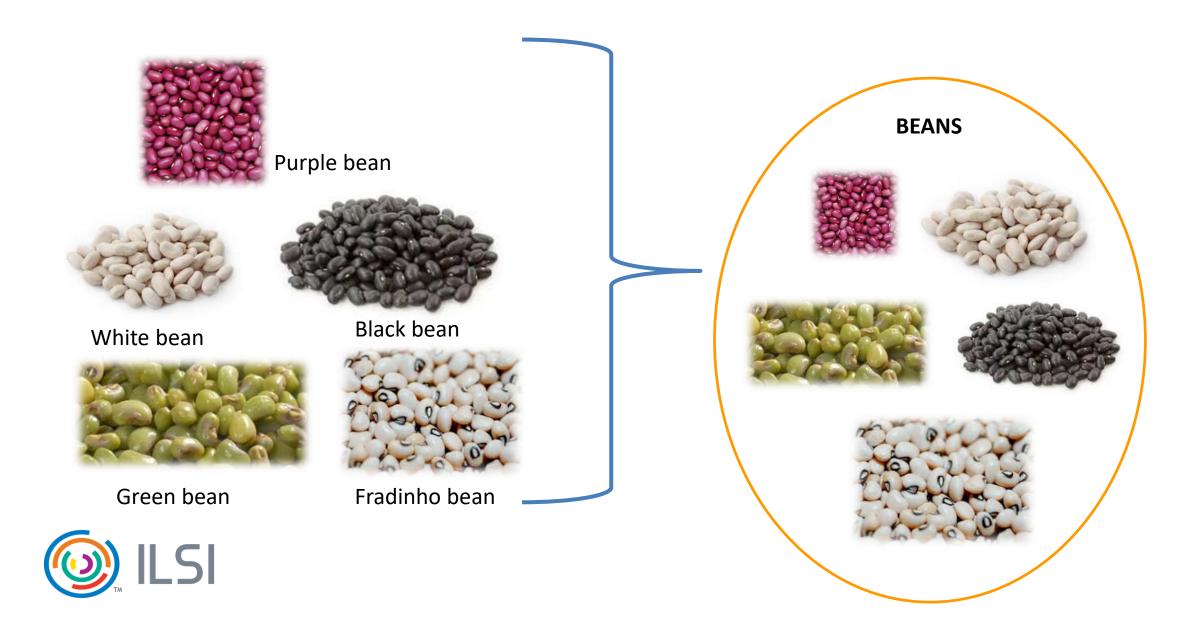
### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE**

- 3) Estimate the highest reported (97.5th percentile) intake (LP large portion) for each food (in natura total, in natura only and processed/prepared (g/day)
- 4) Estimate the highest reported (97.5th percentile) intake ( $LP_{bw}$ ) for each food by individual body weight (g/kg b.w./day)
- 5) Create a **FOOD CONSUMPTION DATABASE**.



### **GROUPS**

### **Group of raw commodities**



### **GROUPS**

### **Group of processed/prepared foods**



**Preparation mode** 

Eggplant fries Aubergine Breaded

Cooked E eggplant

Brased eggplant

Eggplant stew





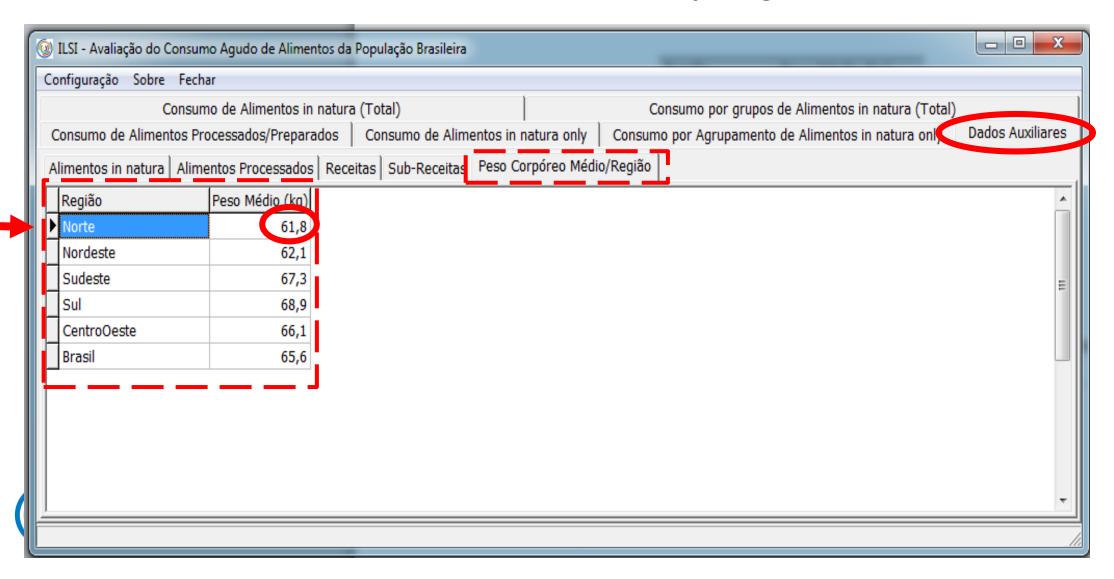
AUBERGINE BREADED/FRIED





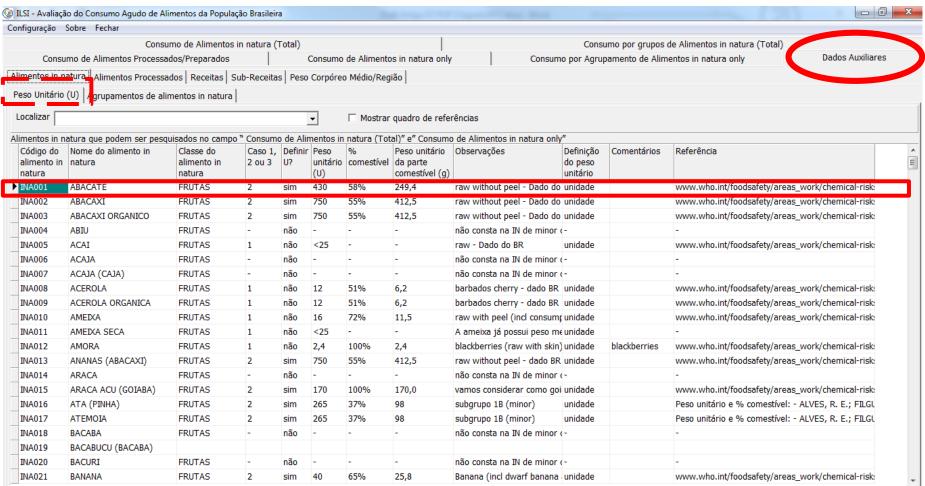
### **RESULTS**

### Brazilian mean body weight



### **RESULTS**

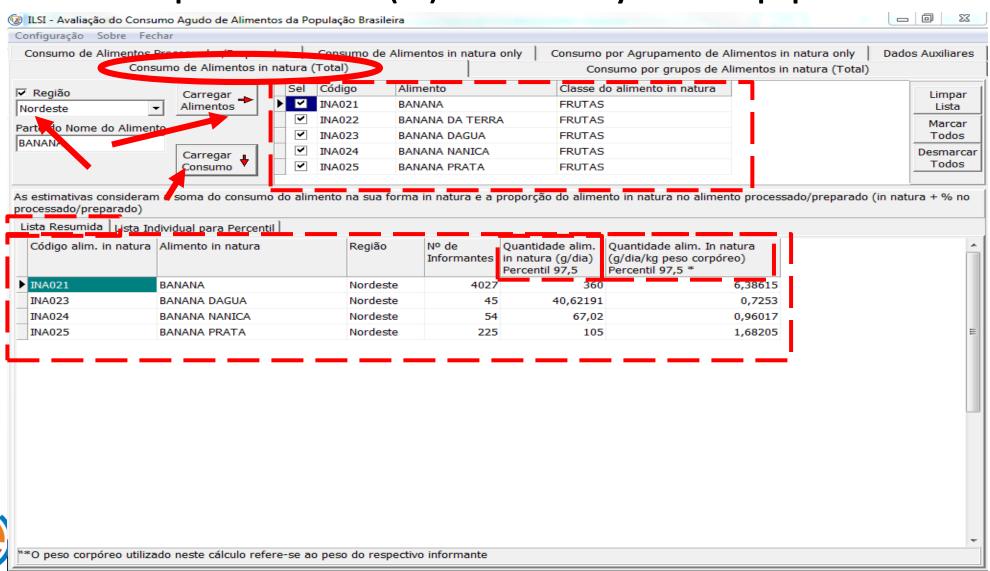
### Individual food unit weight (U)





### **RESULTS**

### 97.5th percentil intake (LP) calculation by Brazilian population



### LIMITATIONS AND UPDATE OF THE DATABASE



 Absence of consumption information for children under 10 years old (POF 2008/2009).

 Program update, with new consumption data, can be done whenever new surveys are performed.







### **HOW DOES IT SERVE SOCIETY?**

Estimate Brazilian Food Cunsumption is of great importance in acute and chronic dietary exposure assessment of food products containing pesticide residues.

For the first time, a public tool was created using national and realistic values of large portion food consumption (LP and LP<sub>bw</sub>), as well as, a national reference of commodities'unit weight (U), thus contributing to the country's scientific development and enabling the evaluation of acute dietary risk assessment with more current food consumption data for Brazilian population.

The data generated will be used with the goal of assessing pesticide-treated food consumption safety in Brazil.



### **NEXT STEPS**

Training of program users

Publication in a Scientific Peer Reviewed Journal

Data integration with Brazilian Government (ANVISA)

Meeting with *Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics* in order to discuss the next surveys/POF and importance of maintaining the same codes.



Steps?

## **WORK GROUP: POF** (Family Budget Surveys)

**SPECIAL THANKS TO** THE WHOLE TEAM FOR THEIR HARD WORK, **DEDICATION AND** UNITY.





Márcia Pala

Simone Guimarães





